he outbreak of war.	words what that cause was and how it led to Date:
. <b>Militarism</b> - As the world entered the 20th century, an arms ractive at each state increase in military. Great Britain and Germany both greatly eriod. Further, in Germany and Russia particularly, the military beguolicy. This increase in militarism helped push the countries involved	e had begun. By 1914, Germany had the hincreased their navies in this time an to have a greater influence on public
What is militarism?	How did militarism lead to WWI?
Alliances - Over time, countries throughout Europe made mutu. em into battle. Thus, if one country was attacked, allied countries forld War 1, the following alliances existed: ussia and Serbia rance and Russia ritain and France and Belgium  Japan and Britain	al defense agreements that would pull were bound to defend them. Before Germany and Austria-Hungary Ottoman Empire & Bulgaria
Then Austria-Hungary declared war on Serbia, Russia got involved ussia mobilizing, declared war on Russia. France was then drawn ungary. Germany attacked France through Belgium pulling Britain ater, Italy and the United States would enter on the side of the allie	in against Germany and Austria- into war. Then Japan entered the war.
What were alliances?	How did alliances lead to WWI?
. Imperialism - Imperialism is when a country increases their porterritories under their control. Before World War 1, Africa and part amongst the European countries. This was especially true becau could provide. The increasing competition and desire for greater confrontation that helped push the world into World War I.	ts of Asia were points of contention se of the raw materials these areas
territories under their control. Before World War 1, Africa and part amongst the European countries. This was especially true becau could provide. The increasing competition and desire for greater	ts of Asia were points of contention se of the raw materials these areas
amongst the European countries. This was especially true becau could provide. The increasing competition and desire for greater confrontation that helped push the world into World War I.	ts of Asia were points of contention se of the raw materials these areas empires led to an increase in

	What is nationalism?	How did nationalism lead
his M no the	istionalism - Nationalism is loyalty to one's nation. A nation is istory, homeland, and want their own country. Inch of the origin of the war was based on the desire of the Slave longer be part of Austria Hungary but instead be part of Serblave War. But in a more general way, the nationalism of the various partributed not only to the beginning but the extension of the war eir dominance and power.	ric peoples in Bosnia and Herzegovina to a. In this way, nationalism led directly to as countries throughout Europe



What is nationalism?	How did nationalism lead to WWI?
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## 5. Immediate Cause: Assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand

The immediate cause of World War I that made all the aforementioned items come into play (alliances, imperialism, militarism, nationalism) was the assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand of Austria-Hungary. In June 1914, a Serbian nationalist assassinated him and his wife while they were in Sarajevo, Bosnia which was part of Austria-Hungary. This was in protest to Austria-Hungary having control of this region. Serbia wanted to take over Bosnia and Herzegovina. This assassination led to Austria-Hungary declaring war on Serbia. When Russia began to mobilize due to its alliance with Serbia, Germany declared war on Russia. Thus began the expansion of the war to include all those involved in the mutual defense alliances.

Why was Ferdinand assassinated?	How did the assassination of Ferdinand lead to WWI?
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Summary: Explain how 2 of these M.A.I.N. causes of WWI impacted and Influenced each other.  1) Tell me which 2 you are connecting  2) In no less than 3 sentences, connect them to each other + WWI	
2) In no less than 3 sentences, connect them to each other + WWI	
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